

# Information Technology for Science Education Teachers and Students in the Context of Informatization Research on the Use of Capacity Improvement Strategies

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**Abstract:** This study focuses on the improvement strategy of information technology application ability of science education teachers and students under the background of informatization. Firstly, the current status of informatization of science education and the importance of the information technology application ability of teacher training students are analyzed. Subsequently, the promotion strategies were discussed, including curriculum design and implementation, teacher training and development, provision of practice environment and conditions, and construction of evaluation mechanisms. These strategies are expected to systematically improve the information technology application ability of teacher training students and provide effective support for the development of science education. However, these strategies also need to be tried and refined in practice to adapt to the development needs of information technology and science education.

**Keywords:** Science Education; Teacher Training Students; Information Technology; Informatization; Improvement Strategy

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## Introduction

Today, in the 21st century, the rapid development of information technology is profoundly changing the face of education. Especially in the field of science education, the introduction of information technology has provided new teaching methods, enriched teaching resources, and provided the possibility for the reform of teaching methods. Among them, the role of teachers is particularly important. They need not only solid scientific knowledge and educational skills, but also how to effectively use information technology for teaching. However, for this special group of teacher training students, it is more important to improve their ability to use information technology. This is not only about their own education and teaching ability, but also about whether they can cultivate students who adapt to the information society in the future. Therefore, it is undoubtedly of great theoretical significance and practical value to discuss how to improve the information technology application ability of science education teachers. Based on the analysis of the current situation of science education under the background of informatization and the importance of information technology application ability of teachers and students, this paper will deeply discuss the improvement strategy of information technology application ability, so as to provide support and reference for the development of information technology of science education.

## 1. Current situation of science education in the context of informatization

Informatization has deeply affected all aspects of science education. First, the way science education is taught has changed significantly<sup>[1]</sup>. More and more teaching activities are being carried out online, such as online courses, virtual experiments, etc. These activities have greatly broadened the time and space constraints of science education and provided students with richer and more convenient learning resources.

Secondly, the application of information technology has also made the teaching methods of science education more diversified and personalized. For example, intelligent teaching systems can personalize teaching according to students' learning conditions, and scientific simulation software can make complex scientific concepts intuitive and easy to understand. However, in this process, the

lack of information technology application ability of teacher training students has become a prominent problem. Many teacher training students lack sufficient information technology knowledge and skills to effectively use information technology for science teaching. Moreover, due to the rapid updating of information technology, the knowledge and skills of teacher training students in the application of information technology often find it difficult to keep pace with its development. These problems pose severe challenges to the development of informatization in science education.

## **2. The importance of information technology utilization capabilities**

The importance of information technology skills in science education has become increasingly prominent. First, information technology can greatly improve the efficiency and quality of science education<sup>[2]</sup>. For example, using information technology, teachers can create interactive teaching content that makes complex scientific concepts more intuitive, while also providing timely feedback on students' learning through online assessment systems for accurate teaching. Therefore, having the ability to use information technology means that teachers can teach science more effectively. Secondly, the ability to use information technology is also an essential professional quality for teacher training students. The informatization of science education requires teachers not only to know how to use information technology, but also to understand information technology and be able to select and design appropriate information-based teaching methods and tools according to teaching needs. Therefore, having the ability to use information technology plays an important role in improving the professionalism and competitiveness of teacher training students. Finally, the ability to use information technology is also essential for teacher training students to cultivate students' information literacy. In the information society, information literacy has become an essential quality for citizens.

As future teachers, if they have a high level of information technology use ability, they can better teach students how to use information technology scientifically, safely and effectively, and cultivate their information literacy. This includes not only basic information technology operation capabilities, but also information retrieval capabilities, information analysis capabilities, and information evaluation capabilities. In the information society, these abilities have an important impact on students' learning, life, and even future work. Therefore, improving the ability of teacher training students to use information technology is not only related to their own education and teaching ability, but also to whether they can cultivate students who adapt to the information society in the future. From a larger perspective, improving the information technology application ability of teacher training students is also of far-reaching significance for cultivating the information literacy of modern citizens. This will play a positive role in promoting the promotion of information education in China and even the information process of the whole society.

## **3. Research on improvement strategies**

In the face of the problem of insufficient information technology application ability of teacher training students, it is necessary to carry out a series of research on improvement strategies<sup>[3]</sup>. The first is the curriculum design and implementation. Courses are the main way for teacher training students to acquire information technology knowledge and skills, so it is important to design and implement relevant courses to meet the information technology application needs of teacher training students. The content of the curriculum needs to cover the basic knowledge and skills of information technology, while also taking into account the application of information technology in science education. In addition, the curriculum needs to focus on developing the information literacy of teacher training students so that they can use information technology scientifically, safely and effectively. In the process of curriculum implementation, various effective teaching methods, such as case teaching and project teaching, should be adopted to improve the learning interest and practical ability of teacher training students. The second is teacher training and development. Due to the rapid updating of information technology, teachers need to continue learning to keep pace with its development. Therefore, providing a series of teacher training is an important way to improve the ability of teachers to use information technology. Teacher training can be provided by universities, education departments or professional institutions and covers new knowledge and skills in information technology and how to apply it in science education.

At the same time, it is also necessary to provide teachers with space for development, such as supporting them to participate in professional seminars, conduct educational research, etc.<sup>[4]</sup>, so as to promote their professional growth. The third is the provision of practical environment and conditions. Practice is an important way to upgrade skills, so providing a good practice environment and conditions for teacher training students is a necessary condition for improving their ability to use information technology. This

includes the provision of well-equipped computer laboratories for teacher training students to carry out hands-on operations; Provide rich teaching resources, such as teaching software, digital teaching materials, etc., for teachers and students to learn and reference; and providing a practical platform, such as supporting them to participate in instructional design competitions and teaching internships, so that they can improve their IT skills in practice. Finally, the construction of evaluation mechanisms. The evaluation mechanism plays an important role in stimulating the enthusiasm of teacher training students to learn information technology and accurately evaluating their ability to use information technology. Therefore, it is necessary to establish a reasonable evaluation mechanism, which evaluates both the information technology knowledge and skills of teacher training students, as well as their application ability and information literacy. In addition, evaluation methods also need to be diversified, such as written examination, operation assessment, teaching design, teaching reflection, etc., in order to comprehensively and accurately evaluate the information technology application ability of teacher training students. The above strategies are not isolated, but need to be integrated to form a systematic strategy system. Only in this way can we comprehensively improve the information technology application ability of teacher training students from many aspects and promote the development of information technology in science education.

## 4. Conclusion

With the development of information technology, the informatization of science education has become an inevitable trend. In this process, the ability of teacher training students to use information technology is particularly important. However, there are still some problems in the ability of teacher training students to use information technology, which poses severe challenges to the development of information technology in science education. Therefore, to improve the information technology application ability of teacher training students, it is necessary to form a systematic improvement strategy from the aspects of curriculum design and implementation, teacher training and development, provision of practical environment and conditions, and construction of evaluation mechanism. The curriculum is the basis for improving the information technology application ability of normal students, teacher training is the driving force for improving the information technology application ability of normal students, the practical environment and conditions are the guarantee for improving the information technology application ability of normal students, and the evaluation mechanism is the guidance for improving the information technology application ability of normal students. It is hoped that these strategies can provide some reference for improving the information technology application ability of teacher training students and promoting the development of information technology in science education. However, these strategies need to be tried and refined in practice to adapt to the challenges of rapid development of information technology and changing needs of science education.

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