

The Basic Thinking of Leading the Cultivation of Craftsmen in Great Countries through Party Building

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Abstract: Great country craftsmen are skilled craftsmen who strive for the prosperity and prosperity of the country and the well-being of the people in important positions related to the national economy and people's livelihood. The key to cultivating craftsmen in major countries lies in the Party. However, in a vocational undergraduate survey, it was found that the Party's political, ideological, organizational, work style, and institutional leadership role was not well played in the process of cultivating craftsmen in major countries. To this end, we should focus on reflecting the "two safeguards" throughout the entire process of cultivating craftsmen in major countries, and strengthen the Party's comprehensive leadership over the cultivation of craftsmen in major countries; We should adhere to using the Party's innovative theory to guide the practice of cultivating great country craftsmen, and integrate ideological and political work throughout the cultivation of great country craftsmen, in order to promote the construction of grassroots party organizations with high quality, and play a leading role in cultivating craftsmen in major countries; we should also take the lead in actively researching and solving problems, and promote reform, innovation, and development, so as to improve the institutional system for leading the cultivation of craftsmen in major countries through party building, and enhance the institutional execution ability of party members and members.

Keywords: Party Building; A Great Craftsman; Political Leadership; Ideological Guidance; Organizational Leadership; Style Guidance; Institutional Guidance

1. Introduction

The National Vocational Education Reform Implementation Plan released in 2019 requires that "the development of higher vocational education be regarded as an important way to optimize the structure of higher education and cultivate craftsmen and skilled craftsmen from major countries". So, how can we cultivate craftsmen from major countries in higher vocational education? The author believes that with the guidance of party building, we can solve the problem and maintain the party's political, ideological, organizational, style, and institutional guidance in cultivating work, in order to explore a path for cultivating craftsmen who are suitable for the national conditions of socialism with Chinese characteristics, which is worthy of in-depth research.

2. Observing the three dimensions of "Great Country Craftsmen"

The definition of "craftsman" in "Cihai" is "a person with technical expertise". On the internet, it is generally defined as "a craftsman who focuses on a certain field, devotes himself wholeheartedly to the product development or processing process in this field, and meticulously completes every step of the entire process. [2]" The author believes that although these definitions refer to the intrinsic spiritual qualities and external manifestations of a craftsman, namely "craftsmanship". The focus is always on the isolated craftsman himself, without considering craftsmen as a part of society, it is impossible to encompass the meaning of "great country craftsmen".

In 2015, China Central Television produced a series of programs titled 'Craftsmen of Great Powers', which provided a high-level overview of the craftsmanship of great powers. In the program, it is described that "the work of a craftsman may seem ordinary, but these jobs all accumulate precious skills that have been refined over the years, bear significant responsibilities for the life of the family

and the people's livelihood, and are full of perseverance and hard work that ordinary people cannot easily bear, even often involve the risk of physical loss. In fact, a considerable number of craftsman positions are protected by personal danger to ensure the safety of the industry, and linked to the well-being of all people with the power of one person". This is not only examined from an individual perspective, but also elevated to the level of social well-being, defining 'great country craftsmen' from the perspective of their contribution to the entire society.

Based on this, the author believes that studying "great country craftsmen" should consider at least three dimensions:

One is the skill dimension. Great country craftsmen are craftsmen with a spirit of craftsmanship, which is a prerequisite. Someone summed up the six connotations of "craftsman spirit": accuracy, concentration, perfectionism, standardization, orderism and thick spirit. Great country craftsmen, like ordinary craftsmen, have meticulous and perfect work requirements for the final product, with endless skills. They always strive to improve quality from 99% to 99.99%.

The second is the social dimension. The work of a great craftsman is for the prosperity and prosperity of the country and the well-being of the people, that is, to bear the significant responsibility of social livelihood, and to safeguard the health of all people with one person's strength, which is an essential attribute. There are many people in today's society who possess amazing skills, many of whom have become "internet celebrities" sought after by young people, such as craftsmen, but they are at most "skilled craftsmen", and no netizens or media call them "great country craftsmen".

The third is the product dimension. The products of big country craftsmen are often the "national treasure", which is related to China's core competitiveness in the international community, and this is an external manifestation. For example, the importance of the aerospace engineering to the country and the nation is self-evident. At Wenchang Space Launch Site, a group of young workers have completed manned space missions for many times. Xinhua News Agency reported that "young big country craftsmen carve the 'flying' dream".

3. Problems in the cultivation of craftsmen in the leading role of party building in major countries

3.1 The role of political and ideological guidance is not prominent

Although the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China and the State Council attach great importance to cultivating great country craftsmen, in the process of cultivating vocational undergraduate students, ideological and political education is mainly carried out through ideological and political courses, which use unified textbooks. Not only does the ideological and political courses lack the content of great country craftsmen, but even some teachers have insufficient understanding of them, let alone the political significance of cultivating great country craftsmen for the country, the people, and the nation. Students' understanding of craftsmen from major countries mainly comes from media such as the internet, television, newspapers, magazines, etc., and the proportion of classroom channels is not high.

3.2 Insufficient role of organizational leadership and style leadership

The strength of the party comes from the organization. In the surveyed vocational undergraduate schools, there are two types of grassroots organizations: the Party and the Youth League. The majority of teachers have joined grassroots Party organizations, while the majority of students have joined grassroots Youth League organizations. In theory, the Communist Youth League is the assistant and reserve army of the Party. Grassroots youth league organizations should closely contact young students, do a good job in their ideological and political work, and mobilize students to work hard to become craftsmen of a great country.

3.3 The guiding role of the system is not obvious

The system is fundamental and long-term. In the survey, it was found that the party building work in vocational undergraduate schools and the teaching practice of cultivating national craftsmen are in a "two skin" state, and there is no effective institutional measure to "grasp party building to promote education and strengthen party building". Ideological and political courses do not touch the soul enough, professional courses do not spread beliefs enough, and "ideological and political courses" still need to continue transitioning to "curriculum ideological and political". The cultivation of national craftsmen relies more on the quality of teachers themselves, in a relatively rough state.

4. Party building leading the cultivation of craftsmen in great countries

The cultivation of craftsmen in the leading role of party building in major countries is a process in which school party organizations, based on a deep understanding and implementation of the overall layout of party building in the new era, fully play the role of political guidance, ideological guidance, organizational guidance, work style guidance, and institutional guidance in combination with the actual situation of education, and coordinate and promote various work.

4.1 We should strengthen political guidance, focus on reflecting the "two safeguards" throughout the entire process of cultivating craftsmen in major countries, and strengthen the Party's comprehensive leadership over the cultivation of craftsmen in major countries

It should also be a pragmatic choice for the youth construction of the Party and the country in the new era.

4.2 We should strengthen ideological guidance, adhere to using the Party's innovative theory to guide the practice of cultivating great country craftsmen, and integrate ideological and political work throughout the cultivation of great country craftsmen

By analyzing the political, entertainment, technological and other current events that young students are concerned about, we can accurately interpret the spirit of craftsmanship to students, help them establish confidence and determination to become craftsmen of a great country, and ignite the wildfire of "advocating the spirit of craftsmanship and striving to become craftsmen of a great country" with the spark of personal action.

4.3 We should strengthen organizational leadership, promote the construction of grassroots party organizations with high quality, and play a guarantee role in cultivating craftsmen in major countries

The quality of grassroots party organization construction is directly related to the quality of party building and the implementation of various policies and measures of the party. In the process of cultivating craftsmen from large countries, grassroots party organizations should take on the political responsibility of cultivating through themselves. On the one hand, it is necessary to optimize the establishment of grassroots party organizations based on the characteristics of teachers and young students, and achieve full coverage and strong leadership. On the other hand, we should conscientiously implement the Regulations on the Work of the CPC Branch (for Trial Implementation), make every effort to promote the standardization and standardization of the Party branch, and constantly help teachers and students to strengthen the awareness and ability of craftsmen in a big country in the process of construction, so as to help students broaden their path to growth and success.

In short, guiding the cultivation of craftsmen in major countries through party building not only fully leverages the core leadership role of party organizations, but also ensures the correctness and continuity of talent cultivation. It is an important exploration of socialist education with Chinese characteristics. The author is confident in this and looks forward to further development and enrichment in practice.

References

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